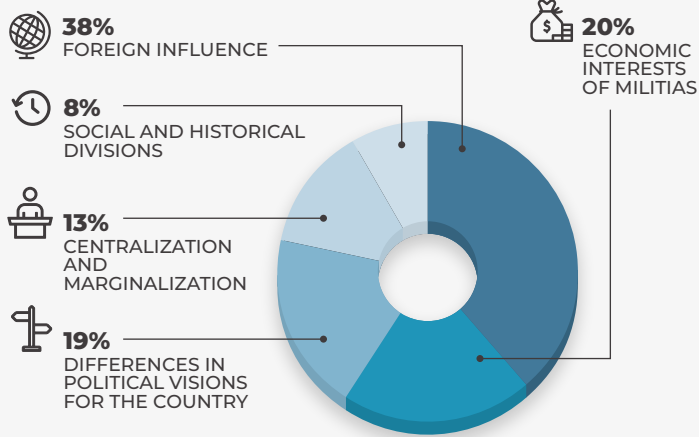


Taking Libyans' Pulse

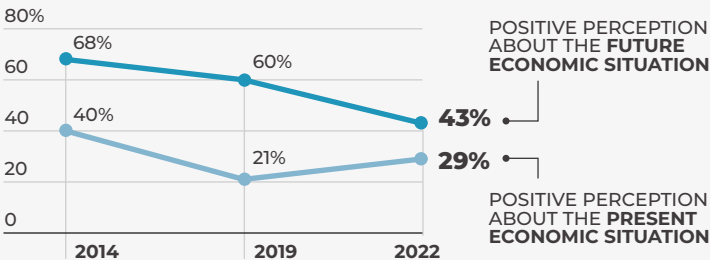
Causes of the ongoing conflict

The plurality of Libyans blame foreign actors for the ongoing conflict and small minorities blame it on militias fighting over economic interest or political divisions.



Opinion on the economy

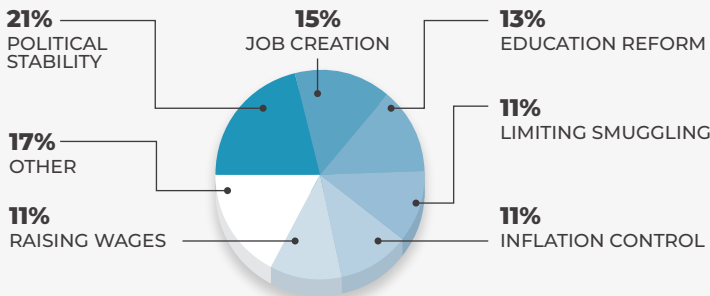
Perceptions of current and future economic conditions have deteriorated since 2014.



How to improve the economy

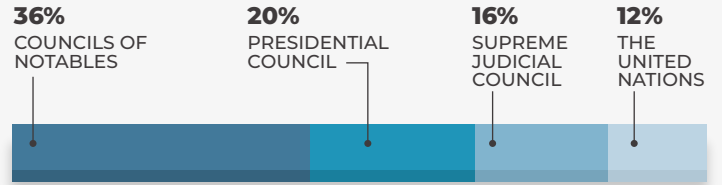
Libyans disagree on the recipe for economic improvement but the plurality considers political stability a precursor.

PREFERRED GOVERNMENT ACTION TO IMPROVE ECONOMY



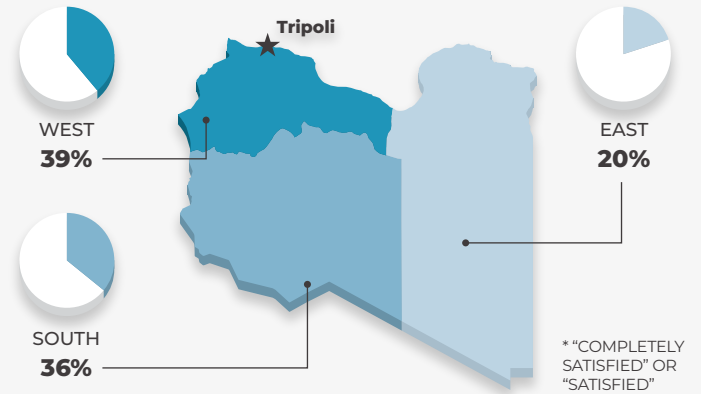
Preferred party to lead reconciliation

Libyans want a Libyan-led national reconciliation process; only a few want the UN to lead said process.



About the provisional government

People in the West and South are more likely to be satisfied* with the GNU's overall performance.



An issue of trust

The ongoing political crisis is demolishing the public's trust in national political institutions.

TRUST* IN LIBYA POLITICAL ACTORS

